

zad 4, poglavlje 3.3.

$$P_1(t) = 2t^2 - 1, \quad P_2(t) = t + t^2,$$

$$P_3(t) = 1 + 3t + 2t^2$$

$$\alpha P_1(t) + \beta P_2(t) + \gamma P_3(t) = 0$$

$$\alpha (2t^2 - 1) + \beta (t + t^2) + \gamma (1 + 3t + 2t^2) = 0$$

$$(2\alpha + \beta + 2\gamma)t^2 + (\beta + 3\gamma)t + (\gamma - \alpha) = 0$$

$$2\alpha + \beta + 2\gamma = 0$$

$$\beta + 3\gamma = 0 \Rightarrow \beta = -3\gamma$$

$$\gamma - \alpha = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha = \gamma$$

$$\Rightarrow 2\gamma - 3\gamma + 2\gamma = 0 \Rightarrow \gamma = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha = \beta = 0$$

$\Rightarrow \{P_1, P_2, P_3\}$ je lin. nezavisan skup.

$$\begin{aligned}
ct^2 + bt + a &= \alpha' p_1(t) + \beta' p_2(t) + \gamma' p_3(t) \\
&= \alpha' (2t^2 - 1) + \beta' (t + t^2) \\
&\quad + \gamma' (1 + 3t + 2t^2) \\
&= (2\alpha' + \beta' + 2\gamma') t^2 + (\beta' + 3\gamma') t \\
&\quad + (-\alpha' + \gamma')
\end{aligned}$$

$$2\alpha' + \beta' + 2\gamma' = c$$

$$\Rightarrow \beta' + 3\gamma' = b \Rightarrow \beta' = b - 3\gamma'$$

$$-\alpha' + \gamma' = a \Rightarrow \alpha' = \gamma' - a$$

$$\rightarrow 2(\gamma' - a) + b - 3\gamma' + 2\gamma' = c$$

$$\Rightarrow \gamma' - 2a + b = c \Rightarrow \gamma' = c - b + 2a$$

$$\alpha' = a - b + c$$

$$\beta' = -3c + 4b - 6a$$

$$ct^2 + bt + a = (a - b + c)P_1(t) + (-3c + 4b - 6a)P_2(t) + (c - b + 2a)P_3(t)$$

$$P_1^*(ct^2 + bt + a) = a - b + c$$

$$P_2^*(ct^2 + bt + a) = -3c + 4b - 6a$$

$$P_3^*(ct^2 + bt + a) = c - b + 2a$$

2. način (konstetní matrice)

$$P_1^* : P_2(\mathbb{R}) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

(\mathbb{R}) = {1} baza za \mathbb{R}

(P) = { P_1, P_2, P_3 }

(e) = {1, t, t^2 }

$$[P_1^*]_{(f, P)} = [1 \ 0 \ 0]$$

$$[P_2^*]_{(f, P)} = [0 \ 1 \ 0]$$

$$[P_3^*]_{(f, P)} = [1 \ 0 \ 0]$$

Zanima nas $[P_i^*]_{(f,e)}$ za $i = \{1, 2, 3\}$

$$[P_i^*]_{(f,e)} = [P_i^*]_{(f,p)} \cdot [I]_{(p,e)}$$

$$[P_1^*]_{(f,e)} = [1 \ 0 \ 0] \cdot [I]_{(e,p)}^{-1}$$

$$[P_2^*]_{(f,e)} = [0 \ 1 \ 0] \cdot [I]_{(e,p)}^{-1}$$

$$[P_3^*]_{(f,e)} = [0 \ 0 \ 1] \cdot [I]_{(e,p)}^{-1}$$

$$[I]_{(e,p)} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[I]_{(p,e)} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ -6 & 4 & -3 \\ 2 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow [P_1^*]_{(f,e)} = [1 \ -1 \ 1]$$

$$\Rightarrow P_1^*(a+bt+ct^2) = a-b+c$$

$$[P_2^*]_{(t_1 e)} = [-6 \ 4 \ -3]$$

$$\Rightarrow P_2^* (a + bt + ct^2) = -6a + 4b - 3c$$

$$[P_3^*]_{(t_1 e)} = [2 \ -1 \ 1]$$

$$\Rightarrow P_3^* (a + bt + ct^2) = 2a - b + c$$

$$f = \alpha P_1^* + \beta P_2^* + \gamma P_3^*$$

$$f(P_1) = (\alpha P_1^* + \beta P_2^* + \gamma P_3^*)(P_1) = \alpha$$

$$f(P_2) = \beta$$

$$f(P_3) = \gamma$$

$$\alpha = f(P_1) = \int_{-1}^1 P_1(2t-1) dt$$

$$\beta = f(P_2) = \int_{-1}^1 P_2(2t-1) dt$$

$$\gamma = f(P_3) = \int_{-1}^1 P_3(2t-1) dt$$

... uvrstite
i izračunajte